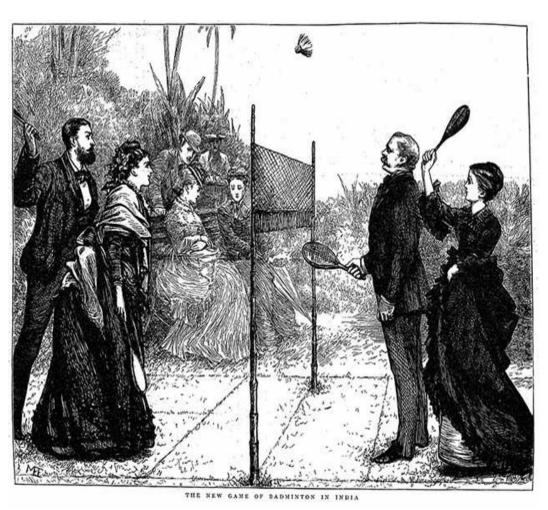
The Rules of Badminton

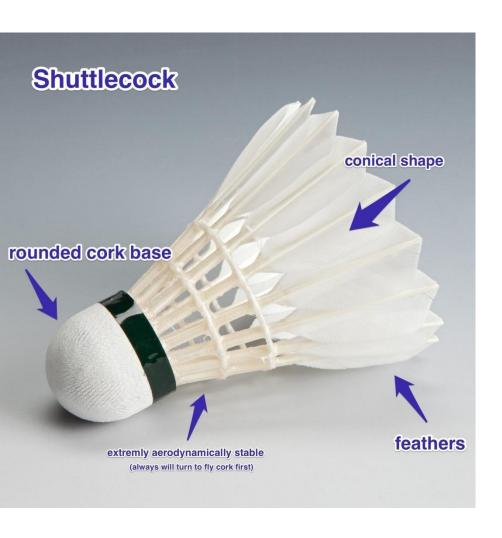
Historical Background

 The sport of badminton can be traced back two thousands years to China although the first reliable sources link the sport back to a game called poona, a sport played by the British in India where the shuttlecock was made from a champagne cork and some feathers.



British people playing badminton in India

Equipment

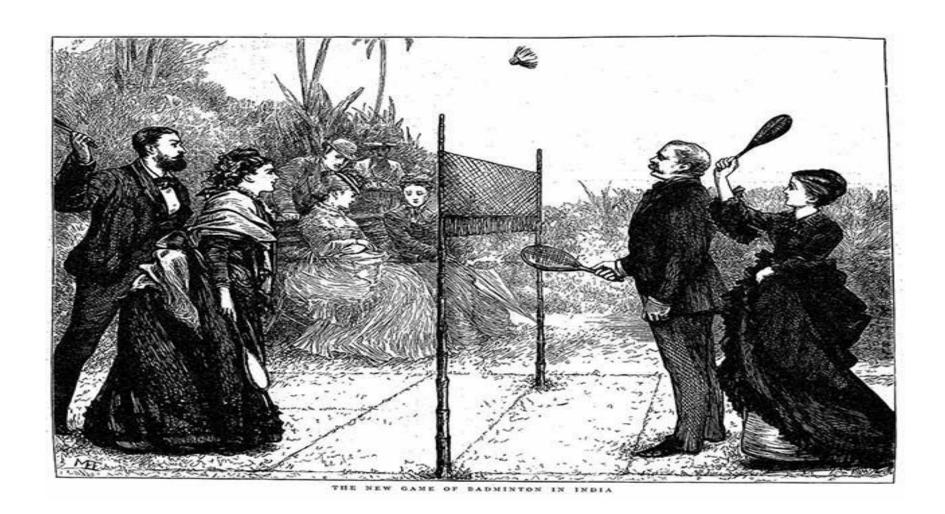




Racket

Rules

Badminton Court



Aim of the game

The aim of the game is for the shuttlecock to touch the floor of the opposing court or prevent the opponent from returning it.

Duration

The winner is the player who wins the best of 3 games.

Scoring

- The first player to reach 21 points wins.
- A player wins a point when the shuttlecock touches the opposing court or the opponent commits a foul
- If there is a draw at 20 points, the first player to be 2 points ahead wins the game.
- The winner of the rally serves in the following rally.
- If the server wins the point he or she adds one point to his/her score and moves to the other side of the court to serve.
- If the receiver wins the point he/she wins a point and also wins the serve
- In singles matches the first serve is taken from the right side of the court to the diagonally opposed service court.
- Players have one serve per point, if they win they continue serving but from the other side of the court.

Faults

- Serving overhand.
- If the shuttlecock is served and falls outside of the opposite service court.
- If the server or opponent is not in their corresponding service court.
- If the shuttlecock falls outside of the court during the game.

Technical Moves

How to hold the racket



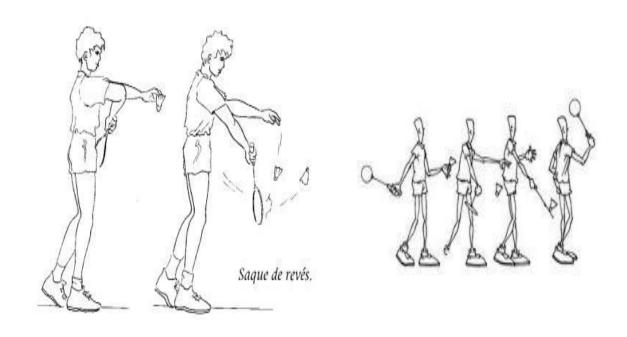


Basic positi



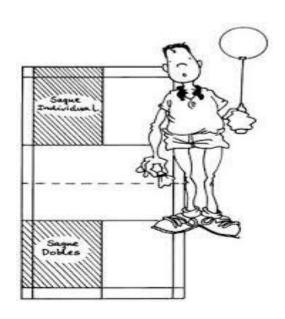
- Badminton is a very fast sport so it is important to have your weight evenly distributed across both legs.
- Legs bent, the opposite leg of the arm that holds the racket is forward.
- Torso slightly forward.
- You should position yourself in the centre of the court in order to reach all areas of the courts in a few steps.

The Serve



There are two kinds of serves: back serve (left picture)and right serve(right picture).

The serve can be long or short (a short serve is usually used for doubles matches and a long one for singles matches)

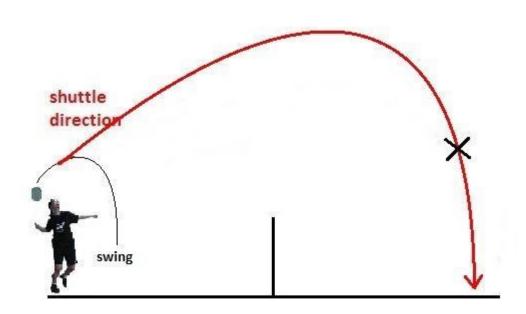


Basic Strokes

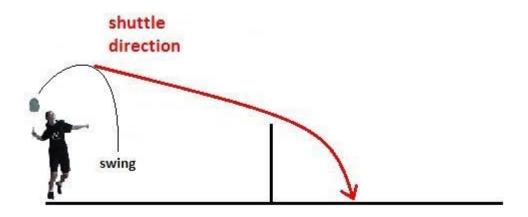
 The power in the stroke comes from the forearm whereas the direction of the shuttlecock is determined by the wrist movement.

There are 5 basic strokes

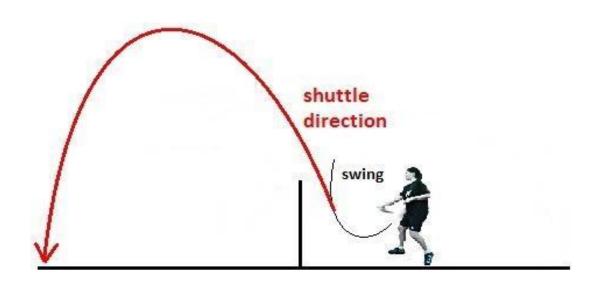
Clear: Stroke in which the shuttlecock is hit from the back of the court to the back of the opposing court.



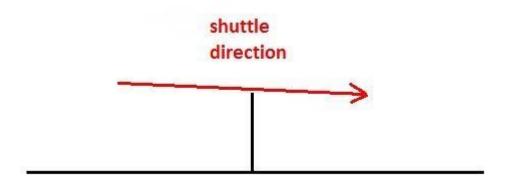
Drop: Precision shot where the shuttle cock falls close to the net



Lob: Defensive stroke used near the net. The shuttlecock is hit to the back of the opponents court.



Drive: Long, horizontal stroke



Smash: Fast, attacking, downwards shot that is used to try to win the point.

